

## Caring for a living landscape

## CONSULTATION ON CORE STRATEGY ISSUES AND OPTIONS SPRING 2007

Sheet 11 Waste Disposal

## **Peak District National Park Authority**

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Your comments and views on this options paper are welcomed up to 29 June 2007. Enquiries can be directed to Brian Taylor, Policy Planning Manager on 01629 816 303. This report is also accessible from our website located under http://www.peakdistrict.gov.uk/plansandpolicies.htm.

We are happy to provide this information in alternative formats on request where reasonable.

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Issue	<ol> <li>There are less 'active waste disposal sites' in the Park now than in the past few years</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>There are increasing numbers of unauthorised waste disposal sorting and /or treatment operations.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>There will be increased levels of recycling as councils are required to hit targets for domestic recycling.</li> </ol>
	<ol> <li>There may be increased demand for locally sited recycling sites within villages</li> </ol>
Evidence	National
	PPS 10 Waste Management
	ANNEX E – most relevant criteria (in context of National Park) for determining appropriate location of facilities.
	Visual intrusion: Considerations will include (i) the setting of the proposed location and the potential for design-led solutions to produce acceptable development; (ii) the need to protect landscapes of national importance (National Parks, Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty and Heritage Coasts).
	Nature conservation: Considerations will include any adverse effect on a site of international importance for nature conservation (Special Protection Areas, Special Areas of Conservation and RAMSAR Sites) or a site with a nationally recognised designation (Sites of Special Scientific Interest, National Nature Reserves).
	Historic environment and built heritage: Considerations will include any adverse effect on a site of international importance (World Heritage Sites) or a site or building with a nationally recognised designation (Scheduled Monuments, Conservation Areas, Listed Buildings, Registered Historic Battlefields and Registered Parks and Gardens).
	Traffic and access: Considerations will include the suitability of the road network and the extent to which access would require reliance on local roads.
	Pollution Prevention Control
	Pollution Prevention and Control (PPC) is a regulatory regime for controlling pollution from certain industrial activities - see background for further information
	There is new and more demanding legislation under the Pollution Prevention Control System than existed under then Waste Licensing System.
	Regional
	Submitted Draft of Revision to East Midlands Regional Plan (RSS8)
	<ul> <li>To work towards zero growth in waste at the Regional level by 2016</li> <li>To reduce the amount of waste landfilled in accordance with the EU Landfill Directive</li> </ul>
	To exceed Government targets for recycling and composting.

	• To take a flexible approach to other forms of waste recovery.
r r	Waste Planning Authorities need to reflect the need for additional waste management facilities in their Local Development Frameworks These will include materials recycling facilities, composting operations, inert processing plants and waste transfer facilities'.
	Waste Planning Authorities should seek to protect existing lawfully operated sites and allocated sites accommodating recycling and recovery facilities from re- development to other land uses where appropriate. Increasing the capacity of existing facilities should be supported where this will not significantly adversely affect the environment and local facilities'.
ļ.	Waste Planning Authorities should consider the benefits and opportunities for locating re-processing facilities in close proximity to waste treatment facilities and look to allocate suitable land for re-processing in conjunction with sites for waste treatment in Waste Local Development Framework'.
	'The location of transfer stations should be determined through Waste Local development Frameworks'.
F	Peak sub-area
1 ע י נ נ	'The Peak sub-area has a high quality environment, including the Peak District National Park, and smaller settlement size such that it would be inappropriate and unsustainable for the sub-area to make a significant contribution to the provision of waste management infrastructure in the regional context However opportunities may arise, especially in the larger settlements outside the National Park to accommodate small scale facilities serving the sub-areas needs This should be considered through the policies in the Derbyshire Waste Development Framework and the Peak District National park Local Development Framework'
R a	'All relevant public and private sector organisations should promote policies and proposals that will result in zero growth in all form as of controlled wastes by 2016 and waste being treated higher up in the waste hierarchy set out in the National Waste Strategy'
C	'In rural areas, Waste Local Development Frameworks should provide for a network of suitable waste management facilities to serve local centres of population with more strategic facilities accessible to an appropriate catchments area'
۲ ا	'Limited development in open countryside and exceptionally in the Peak District National Park should not necessarily be precluded where this is consistent with local communities taking responsibility for their own waste and no better alternative is available elsewhere'
l	Local
5	Structure Plan and Local Plan
	• The current Structure Plan makes it clear that land will not be allocated in the development plan for waste disposal sites. It distinguished between major proposals and others in terms of assessing whether national need would override national policy to protect the National Park and, together with the local plan, provides for small scale waste recycling and waste transfer.

	Other local considerations
	• The closure of large Calton Hill landfill site at Taddington removes one of the largest sites for waste disposal in the National Park.
	<ul> <li>There will also be a reduction in number of smaller schemes as permissions come to an end.</li> </ul>
	Issue 1 - There are fewer 'active waste disposal sites' in the Park now than in the past few years
Option 11.1.1	Where no similar sites exist nearby and outside the National Park the National Park Authority should accept sites for community recycling and waste management needs or major sites. In all exceptional cases the sites must be environmentally acceptable in the National Park context.
Option 11.1.2	Create a policy presumption against <u>all</u> waste disposal and consider it an unacceptable land use for a national park retaining the principle that jobs or income created by a waste disposal sites are not a good reason to allow development within the National Park
	Issue 2 - There are increasing numbers of unauthorised waste disposal sorting and /or treatment operations.
Option 11.2.1	Where no similar sites exist nearby and outside the National Park the National Park Authority should accept sites for community recycling and waste management needs or major sites. In all exceptional cases the sites must be environmentally acceptable in the National Park context.
Option 11.2.2	Create a policy presumption against <u>all</u> waste disposal and consider it an unacceptable land use for a national park retaining the principle that jobs or income created by a waste disposal are not a good reason to allow development within the National Park.
	Issue 3 - There will be increased levels of recycling as councils are required to hit targets for domestic recycling so there may be increased demand for locally sited recycling sites within villages
Option 11.3.1	Accept local recycling and waste management sites only if there are no similar sites nearby and outside the Park which would fulfil the need of that area.
Option 11.3.2	Create a policy presumption that <u>all</u> waste disposal sites are an unacceptable land use in a national park and accept that waste will have to be transported to sites outside the Park.

	Issue 4 – Disposal of waste associated with development within the National Park if waste disposal sites are not easily accessible in the Park.
Option 11.4.1	Accept local recycling and waste management sites only if there are no similar sites nearby and outside the Park which would fulfil the need of that area.
Option 11.4.2	Seek to reduce construction waste by requiring recycling or disposal on site.
Option 11.4.3	Create a policy presumption that <u>all</u> waste disposal sites are an unacceptable land use in a national park and accept that waste will have to be transported to sites outside the Park.

Do you have a preferred option or is there another option you would prefer to see.